

09/693,558

## Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: SSPTAJDA1614

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:17:55 ON 21 AUG 2007

=> file registry			
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS		SINCE FILE	TOTAL
		ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST		0.21	0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:18:06 ON 21 AUG 2007  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file  
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 AUG 2007 HIGHEST RN 945102-95-4  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 AUG 2007 HIGHEST RN 945102-95-4

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

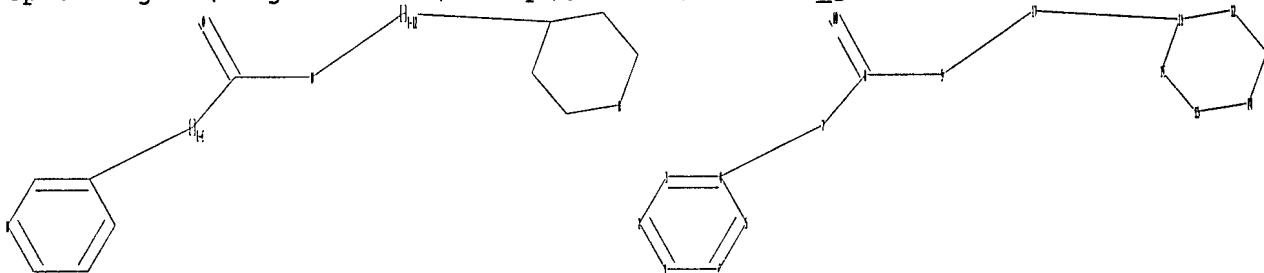
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 29, 2007

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and  
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of  
experimental property data in the original document. For information  
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=>  
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09693558\_genus.str



chain nodes :

7 8 9 10 17

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 11 12 13 14 15 16

chain bonds :

4-7 7-8 8-9 8-10 9-17 11-17

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 11-16 11-12 12-13 13-14 14-15 15-16

exact/norm bonds :

8-9 8-10 9-17 11-16 11-12 12-13 13-14 14-15 15-16

exact bonds :

4-7 7-8 11-17

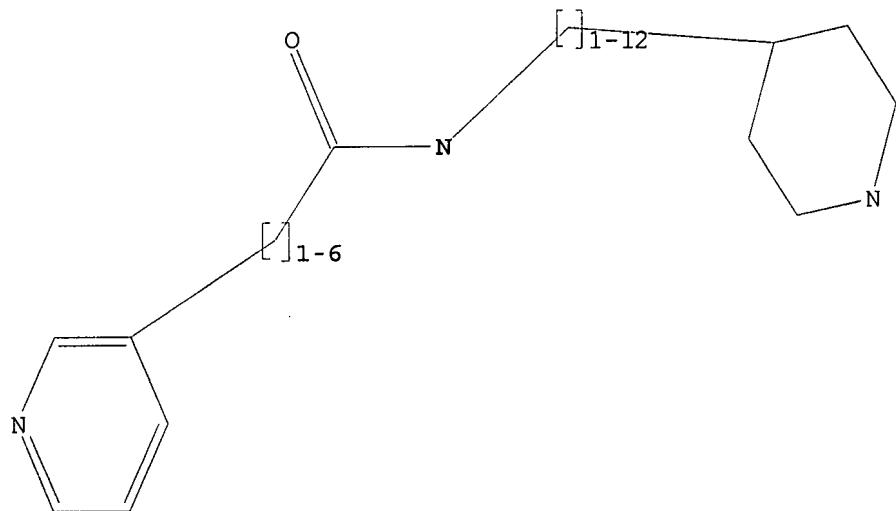
normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

Match level :  
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS  
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11  
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS  
L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11 full  
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:18:24 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 9313 TO ITERATE

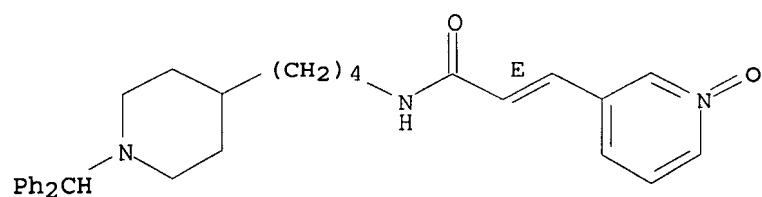
100.0% PROCESSED 9313 ITERATIONS 180 ANSWERS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L2 180 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> d scan

L2 180 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IN 2-Propenamide, N-[4-[(1-(diphenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl)butyl]-3-(1-oxido-3-pyridinyl)-, (E)- (9CI)  
MF C30 H35 N3 O2

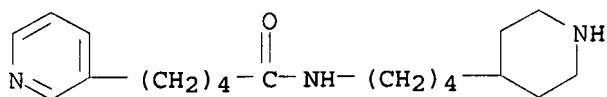
Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L2 180 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IN 3-Pyridinepentanamide, N-[4-(4-piperidinyl)butyl]- (9CI)  
MF C19 H31 N3 O



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=> file medlie caplus wpids uspatfull

'MEDLIE' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME

Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

ENTER A FILE NAME OR (IGNORE):medline

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	172.10	172.31

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:18:58 ON 21 AUG 2007

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:18:58 ON 21 AUG 2007

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 12:18:58 ON 21 AUG 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 THE THOMSON CORPORATION

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:18:58 ON 21 AUG 2007

CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s 12

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:19:11 FILE 'WPIDS'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 51 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED	51 ITERATIONS	3 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01		

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS:	ONLINE	**COMPLETE**
	BATCH	**COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 296 TO 724

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 3 TO 81

L3 47 L2

=> s 13 not py>2003  
L4 12 L3 NOT PY>2003

=> d 14 1-12 ibib, abs

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:185435 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:218446  
TITLE: Antiangiogenic potency of FK866/K22.175, a new inhibitor of intracellular NAD biosynthesis, in murine renal cell carcinoma  
AUTHOR(S): Drevs, Joachim; Loeser, Roland; Rattel, Benno; Esser, Norbert  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medical Oncology, Tumor Biology Center, Germany  
SOURCE: Anticancer Research (2003), 23(6C), 4853-4858  
CODEN: ANTRD4; ISSN: 0250-7005  
PUBLISHER: International Institute of Anticancer Research  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB FK 866/ K 22.175 (FK-866), developed as an anticancer agent, interferes with the NAD<sup>+</sup> biosynthesis and therefore might have characteristics distinct from conventional chemotherapeutic agents. We investigated FK-866 in a murine renal cell carcinoma model (RENCA) to assess its antitumor, antimetastatic and antiangiogenic potency. FK-866 was administered twice daily on days 10 to 15 after intrarenal inoculation of RENCA cells in syngenic Balb/c mice at oral doses of 6, 10, 14 and 18 mg/kg to define the optimal dose related to toxicity. For efficacy studies, FK-866 was administered orally twice daily at doses of 6 and 10 mg/kg or twice daily at doses of 3 and 5 mg/kg on days 14 to 19 after tumor cell inoculation. Animals in the pos. control group received 30 mg/kg TNP 470 s.c. on every other day beginning on day 1. On day 17, all animals were examined for blood flow in the left renal artery by color Doppler imaging (CDI). The animals were sacrificed on day 21 and analyzed for primary tumor weight and volume, number of metastases to the lung and abdominal lymph nodes and vessel d. in tumor tissues. Doses of up to 6 mg/kg FK-866 were less toxic than treatment with TNP-470. Significant antitumor efficacy was observed for doses of  $\geq$ 10 mg/kg FK-866 only. In contrast, a significant decrease of vessel d. in tumor tissues by up to 70% could be detected for all dose groups. Changes in blood flow in the tumor feeding renal artery could not be detected because of the profound strong tumor reduction. FK-866 has antitumoral and antimetastatic activity in RENCA mice. Furthermore, this is the first report to describe a strong antiangiogenic potency of FK-866.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

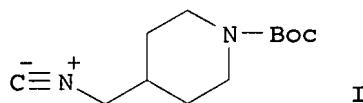
L4 ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:885670 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:174633  
TITLE: FK866, a Highly Specific Noncompetitive Inhibitor of Nicotinamide Phosphoribosyltransferase, Represents a Novel Mechanism for Induction of Tumor Cell Apoptosis  
AUTHOR(S): Hasmann, Max; Schemainda, Isabel  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fujisawa GmbH, Munich, 81673, Germany  
SOURCE: Cancer Research (2003), 63(21), 7436-7442  
CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472  
PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB Deregulation of apoptosis, the physiol. form of cell death, is closely associated with immunol. diseases and cancer. Apoptosis is activated either by death receptor-driven or mitochondrial pathways, both of which may provide potential targets for novel anticancer drugs. Although several ligands stimulating death receptors have been described, the actual mol. events triggering the mitochondrial pathway are largely unknown. Here, we show initiation of apoptosis by gradual depletion of the intracellular coenzyme NAD<sup>+</sup>. We identified the first low mol. weight compound, designated

FK866, which induces apoptosis by highly specific, noncompetitive inhibition of nicotinamide phosphoribosyltransferase (NAPRT), a key enzyme in the regulation of NAD<sup>+</sup> biosynthesis from the natural precursor nicotinamide. Interference with this enzyme does not primarily intoxicate cells because the mitochondrial respiratory activity and the NAD<sup>+</sup>-dependent redox reactions involved remain unaffected as long as NAD<sup>+</sup> is not effectively depleted by catabolic reactions. Certain tissues, however, have a high turnover of NAD<sup>+</sup> through its cleavage by enzymes like poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase. Such cells often rely on the more readily available nicotinamide pathway for NAD<sup>+</sup> synthesis and undergo apoptosis after inhibition of NAPRT, whereas cells effectively using the nicotinic acid pathway for NAD<sup>+</sup> synthesis remain unaffected. In support of this concept, FK866 effectively induced delayed cell death by apoptosis in HepG2 human liver carcinoma cells with an IC<sub>50</sub> of .apprx.1 nM, did not directly inhibit mitochondrial respiratory activity, but caused gradual NAD<sup>+</sup> depletion through specific inhibition of NAPRT. This enzyme, when partially purified from K562 human leukemia cells, was noncompetitively inhibited by FK866, and the inhibitor consts. were calculated to be 0.4 nM for the enzyme/substrate complex (K<sub>i</sub>) and 0.3 nM for the free enzyme (K<sub>i'</sub>), resp. Nicotinic acid and nicotinamide were both found to have antidote potential for the cellular effects of FK866. FK866 may be used for treatment of diseases implicating deregulated apoptosis such as cancer for immunosuppression or as a sensitizer for genotoxic agents. Furthermore, it may provide an important tool for investigation of the mol. triggers of the mitochondrial pathway leading to apoptosis through enabling temporal separation of NAD<sup>+</sup> decrease from ATP breakdown and apoptosis by several days.

REFERENCE COUNT: 50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:485869 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:261547  
 TITLE: A four component coupling strategy for the synthesis of D-phenylglycinamide-derived non-covalent factor Xa inhibitors  
 AUTHOR(S): Sheehan, Scott M.; Masters, John J.; Wiley, Michael R.; Young, Stephen C.; Liebeschuetz, John W.; Jones, Stuart D.; Murray, Christopher W.; Franciskovich, Jeffrey B.; Engel, David B.; Weber, Wayne W.; Marimuthu, Jothirajah; Kyle, Jeffrey A.; Smallwood, Jeffrey K.; Farmen, Mark W.; Smith, Gerald F.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lilly Research Laboratories, A Division of Eli Lilly and Company, Indianapolis, IN, 46285, USA  
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2003), 13(14), 2255-2259  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:261547  
 GI



AB A novel isonitrile derivative I (Boc = tert-butoxycarbonyl) was synthesized and used in an Ugi four component coupling reaction for the synthesis of D-phenylglycinamide derivs. as reversible factor Xa inhibitors. The aryl group substitution effects on inhibition of the coagulation cascade serine protease factor Xa was evaluated.

REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:706352 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:276324  
TITLE: Inhibitors of cellular nicotinamide mononucleotide formation, therapeutic use thereof, and identification and metabolic methods  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi; Eisenburger, Rolf; Hasmann, Max; Loser, Roland; Rattel, Benno; Reiter, Friedemann; Schein, Barbara; Schemainda, Isabel; Schulz, Michael; Seibel, Klaus; Vogt, Klaus; Wosikowski, Katja  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Klinge Pharma G.m.b.H., Germany  
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 20 pp.  
CODEN: GWXXBX  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: German  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19908483	A1	20001005	DE 1999-19908483	19990226
			DE 1999-19908483	19990226

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: AB Biol. active substances are described which inhibit the cellular formation of NMN, an essential intermediate in NAD(P) biosynthesis in the cell. These substances can be used for a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of cancer, leukemia, or for Immunosuppression. Addnl., methods are described for the identification of such substances and for the investigation of a given cell type for its dependence on nicotinamide as a precursor in NAD synthesis.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:158058 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:158058  
TITLE: Preparation of N-(1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)alkyl derivatives of (hetero)arylcarboxamides as cholinesterase antagonists  
INVENTOR(S): Goto, Giichi; Nagaoka, Akinobu  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 19 pp.  
CODEN: EPXXDW  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 330026	A1	19890830	EP 1989-102376	19890211
EP 330026	B1	19941005		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 02138255	A	19900528	JP 1989-26260	19890203
US 5169856	A	19921208	US 1989-306579	19890206
CA 1339895	C	19980602	CA 1989-590959	19890214
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1988-32339	A 19880215
			JP 1988-114169	A 19880511

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 112:158058

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title compds. [I; A = (un)substituted aryl; R1-R3 = H, (un)substituted C1-11 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, Ph, naphthyl, cycloalkyl, bicyclooctyl, tricyclodecyl, etc.; n = 2-6] and their salts were prepared as

cholinesterase inhibitors, e.g., by a coupling reaction of arylcarboxylic acids II [Z = (activated) OH; A, R1 as above] with 4-piperidinylalkylamines III (R2 = H, R3 as above), followed by N-alkylation or -acylation. I are said to be useful for the prophylaxis and therapy of senile dementia, Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's chorea, etc. Et3N (1.0) mL was added to an ice-cooled solution of 1.05 g (E)-cinnamic acid and 1.8 g 4-(2-aminoethyl)-1-benzylpiperidine dihydrochloride in 20 mL DMF, followed by 1.7 g (EtO)<sub>2</sub>P(O)CN and the mixture was stirred and cooled 1 h to give intermediate I (A = Ph, R1 = R2 = H, R3 = PhCH<sub>2</sub>, n = 2) which was converted to its hydrochloride (IV). The latter (0.5 g) was stirred 6 h at 80° with 2.5 mL Ac<sub>2</sub>O in the presence of catalytic amount of tosic acid hydrate, treated with 10% NaOH and acidified with HCl to give I.HCl (R2 = Ac, other groups unchanged), which in vitro inhibited acetylcholinesterase activity with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 0.64 μM, compared to 0.22 μM found for physostigmine. Tablets were prepared from IV 1, lactose 197, corn starch 50, and Mg stearate 2 g.

L4	ANSWER 6 OF 12	WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2007	THE THOMSON CORP on STN
L4	ANSWER 7 OF 12	WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2007	THE THOMSON CORP on STN
L4	ANSWER 8 OF 12	WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2007	THE THOMSON CORP on STN
L4 ANSWER 9 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN			
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:288098 USPATFULL			
TITLE: Inhibitors of cellular niacinamide mononucleotide formation and their use in cancer therapy			
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Eisenburger, Rolf, Kirchseeon, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Schemainda, Isabel, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Schulz, Michael, Aschheim, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Wosikowski, Katja, Poing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF			
Klinge Pharma GmbH (non-U.S. corporation)			
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):			

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
-----			
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002160968	A1	20021031
	US 6506572	B2	20030114
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-935772	A1	20010823 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2000-EP1628, filed on 28 Feb 2000, UNKNOWN		

	NUMBER	DATE
-----		
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	EP 1999-103814	19990226
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	FITCH EVEN TABIN AND FLANNERY, 120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1600, CHICAGO, IL, 60603-3406	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	25	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	28 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	3127	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		

AB New biologically active compounds are described which inhibit the cellular formation of niacinamide mononucleotide, and essential intermediate of the NAD(P) biosynthesis in the cell. These compounds can represent the active ingredient of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of cancers, leukaemias or for immunosuppression. Furthermore, screening methods are described as a tool for detecting the above active compounds, and for examination of a given cell type for its dependency on niacinamide as a precursor for NAD synthesis.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:239033 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Use of pyridyl alkane, pyridyl alkene and/or pyridyl alkine acid amides in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Klinge Pharma GmbH, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6451816	B1	20020917
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-216482		19981218 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1997-EP3244, filed on 20 Jun 1997		

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Rotman, Alan L.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Desai, Rita  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Fitch, Even, Tabin, & Flannery  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 18  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 4285  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB The invention relates to the use of pharmacologically valuable pyridyl alkane, pyridyl alkene and/or pyridyl alkine acid amides according to general formula (I) in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression.  
##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:224728 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Pyridyl alkane acid amides as cytostatics and immunosuppressives  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Seibel, Klaus, Gra felfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
OF  
Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Klinge Pharma GmbH, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC  
OF (non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6444823 B1 20020903  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1998-216075 19981218 (9)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1997-EP3243, filed on 20  
Jun 1997

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DE 1996-19624704 19960620  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Rotman, Alan L.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Desai, Rita  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Fitch, Even, Tabin & Flannery  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 15  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 3772

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to new pyridyl alkane acid amides according to  
general formula (I) as well as methods for their production, medicaments  
containing these compounds as well as their medical use, especially in  
the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression. ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 12 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 92:101011 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Piperidinoalkyl derivatives of carboxylic acid amides  
INVENTOR(S): Goto, Giichi, Osaka, Japan  
Nagaoka, Akinobu, Hyogo, Japan  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Inc., Osaka, Japan  
(non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5169856 19921208  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1989-306579 19890206 (7)

PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1988-32339 19880215  
JP 1988-114169 19880511  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Raymond, Richard L.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: O'Sullivan, Peter G.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Wegner, Cantor, Mueller & Player  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 22  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
LINE COUNT: 999

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to unsaturated carboxylic acid amide  
derivatives of the formula ##STR1## wherein ring A stands for an  
optionally substituted aromatic ring; R.<sup>1</sup> stands for a hydrogen atom  
or an optionally substituted hydrocarbon residue or forms an optionally  
substituted carbocyclic ring with the adjacent group --CH.dbd.C--  
together with two carbon atoms constituting the ring A; R.<sup>2</sup> stands  
for a hydrogen atom, an optionally substituted hydrocarbon residue or an

optionally substituted acyl group; R.<sup>3</sup> stands for an optionally substituted hydrocarbon residue; and n denotes an integer ranging from 2 to 6, and salts thereof, as well as the production thereof.

The compounds of the present invention act on the central nervous system of mammals and has a strong anti-cholinesterase activity, which can be used for the prophylaxis and therapy of, for example, senile dementia, Alzheimer's diseases, Huntington's chorea, et., and are useful as medicines.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:17:55 ON 21 AUG 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:18:06 ON 21 AUG 2007

L1 STRUCTURE uploaded  
L2 180 S L1 FULL

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, WPIDS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:18:58 ON 21 AUG 2007

L3 47 S L2  
L4 12 S L3 NOT PY>2003

=> s 13 and "vitamin PP"  
L5 1 L3 AND "VITAMIN PP"

=> d 15 ibib, abs

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:690954 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:307106  
TITLE: Use of vitamin PP compounds as  
cytoprotective agents in chemotherapy  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi; Hasmann, Max; Loser, Roland; Rattel,  
Benno; Reiter, Friedemann; Schein, Barbara;  
Schemainda, Isabel; Seibel, Klaus; Vogt, Klaus;  
Wosikowski, Katja  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Klinge Pharma GmbH, Germany  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 145 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9953920	A1	19991028	WO 1999-EP2686	19990421
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
DE 19818044	A1	19991028	DE 1998-19818044	19980422
EP 1031564	A1	20000830	EP 1999-103814	19990226
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
AU 9939282	A	19991108	AU 1999-39282	19990421
EP 1079832	A1	20010307	EP 1999-922119	19990421

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2002512190	T 20020423	JP 2000-544324	19990421
AT 311186	T 20051215	AT 1999-922119	19990421
ES 2253890	T3 20060601	ES 1999-922119	19990421
WO 2000050399	A1 20000831	WO 2000-EP1628	20000228
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
EP 1154998	A1 20011121	EP 2000-907642	20000228
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
JP 2002537380	T 20021105	JP 2000-600982	20000228
EP 1816124	A2 20070808	EP 2007-10337	20000228
R: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE			
US 2002160968	A1 20021031	US 2001-935772	20010823
US 6506572	B2 20030114		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			
		DE 1998-19818044	A 19980422
		EP 1999-103814	A 19990226
		WO 1999-EP2686	W 19990421
		EP 2000-907642	A3 20000228
		WO 2000-EP1628	W 20000228

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:307106

AB The invention relates to the use of vitamin PP compds. and/or compds. with anti-pellagra activity such as for example nicotinic acid (niacin), and nicotinamide (niacin-amide, vitamin PP, vitamin B3) for the reduction, elimination or prevention of side-effects of different degrees as well as for neutralization of acute side-effects in immunosuppressive or cancerostatic chemotherapy or diagnosis, especially with substituted pyridine carboxamides, as well as combination medicaments with an amount of compds. with vitamin B3 and/or anti-pellagra activity and chemotherapeutic agents are especially considered in the mentioned chemotherapies and indications. Nicotinamide at 500 mg/kg twice daily protected mice treated i.p. with antitumor N-[4-(1-diphenylmethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyl]-3-(pyridin-3-yl)propionamide. There were no deaths in the nicotinamide-treated mice and the strong reduction of leukocytes was completely prevented.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:17:55 ON 21 AUG 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:18:06 ON 21 AUG 2007

L1 STRUCTURE uploaded

L2 180 S L1 FULL

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, WPIDS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:18:58 ON 21 AUG 2007

L3 47 S L2  
 L4 12 S L3 NOT PY>2003  
 L5 1 S L3 AND "VITAMIN PP"

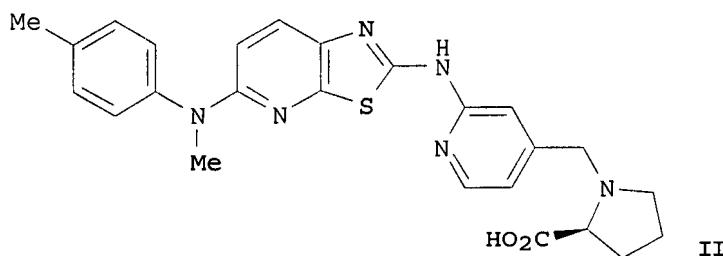
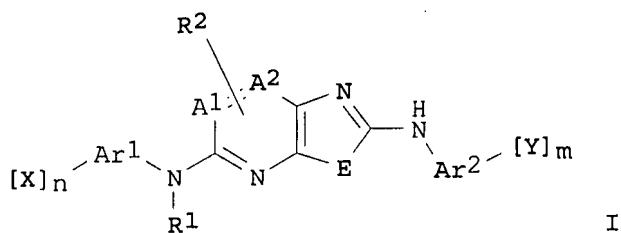
=> s l3 and "nicotinamide"  
 L6 18 L3 AND "NICOTINAMIDE"

=> d 16 1-18 ibib, abs

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:561728 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:9919  
 TITLE: Preparation of [1,3]thiazolo[5,4-b]pyridine-2-amine derivatives as VEGF receptor 2 kinase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Yoon, Seung-Hyun; Joo, Hyun Woo; Song, Jeong Uk; Kim, Young Kwan; Koo, Sun-Young; Yang, So Yeun; Kim, Kyoung-Hee; Hwang, Jin-a; Cho, Heung Soo; Choi, Hwan Geun; Lim, Dongchul; Song, Ji Soo; Yoon, Hae-Seong; Hong, Sang-Yong; Kim, Min-Jeong; Choi, Seihyun; Jo, Kiwon; Kim, Min-Hyeung; Kim, Jieun; Kim, Jung In; Park, Tae Kyo  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): LG Life Sciences, Ltd., S. Korea  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 255pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007058482	A1	20070524	WO 2006-KR4822	20061115
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: KR 2005-109398 A 20051116  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 147:9919  
 GI



AB Title compds. I [R1 = H, alkyl; A1, A2 = independently CH and derivs., N;

R2 = halo, CN, CF3, alkyl; Ar1 = 5-6 membered (hetero)arylene; X = independently H, halo, CN, OH, SH, CO2H, NH2, etc.; n = 0-5; E = O, S; Ar2 = H, 5-6 membered arylene; m = 0-4; Y = halo, CN, NO2, H, OH, NH2, etc.; and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts] were prepared as angiogenesis receptor tyrosine kinases inhibitors, in particular, VEGF receptor 2 kinase inhibitors. Thus, a multi-step synthesis was given for thiazolopyridine II. I were tested for inhibitory effect of receptor tyrosine kinase, and VEGF- or bFGF-dependent HUVEC (human umbilical vein endothelial cell) growth. Thus, I and their pharmaceutical compns. are useful for the treatment and prevention of angiogenesis-related diseases, particularly resulting from the unregulated or undesired KDR activity, such as cancers, psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, diabetic retinopathy, etc.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1215147 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:155520

TITLE: Chemopotentiating effects of a novel NAD biosynthesis inhibitor, FK866, in combination with antineoplastic agents

AUTHOR(S): Pogrebniak, A.; Schemainda, I.; Azzam, K.; Pelka-Fleischer, R.; Nuessler, V.; Hasmann, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pathology, University of Ulm, Germany

SOURCE: European Journal of Medical Research (2006), 11(8), 313-321

CODEN: EJMRFL; ISSN: 0949-2321

PUBLISHER: I. Holzapfel Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB FK866 is a novel anticancer agent that was previously shown to interfere with NAD<sup>+</sup> biosynthesis by inhibition of nicotinamide phosphoribosyltransferase and to initiate apoptosis in cancer cells. As NAD<sup>+</sup> is involved in cellular DNA repair processes, the present *in vitro* study on THP-1 and K562 leukemia cells was conducted to investigate the cytotoxicity of FK866 combination treatment with various cytotoxic agents: the antimetabolite Ara-C, the DNA-intercalating agent daunorubicin and the alkylating compds. 1-methyl-3-nitro-1-nitrosoguanidinium (MNNG) and melphalan. Cell viability after drug exposure was assessed by propidium iodide (PI) staining. Non-cytotoxic concns. of FK866 (10-9M or less), applied simultaneously or 24 h before adding cytotoxic agents, caused a depletion in the intracellular NAD<sup>+</sup> and - to a lesser extent - NADH levels in THP-1 cells. After 48 and 72 h treatment with daunorubicin and Ara-C, resp., increased cell death was observed in THP-1 cells that were pretreated with FK866, as compared to cells exposed to antineoplastic drugs alone. However, this effect was transient, and there was no difference in cell survival after 72 h incubation with daunorubicin or 96 h with Ara-C. Non-toxic concns. of FK866 added 8, 16, or 24 h before starting treatment with the PARP-activating agent MNNG synergistically decreased intracellular NAD<sup>+</sup> contents, and increased MNNG-induced cytotoxicity both in THP-1 and K562 cells for at least 72 h. This effect was less pronounced when FK866 was used in combination with another alkylating agent, melphalan. The PARP inhibitor 3-aminobenzamide delayed MNNG-induced cytotoxicity by 24 h both in cells that were pretreated with FK866 and in non-pretreated cells. 48 H later, the protective effect of 3-aminobenzamide could no longer be observed, but FK866-pretreated cells retained increased sensitivity to MNNG. In conclusion, the chemosensitizing effect of FK866 on cell death induced by antineoplastic drugs was particularly obvious in combination with substances like MNNG that cause NAD<sup>+</sup> depletion per se. It was less pronounced and only transiently measurable in combination with daunorubicin, Ara-C, and melphalan, resp. These results may indicate different levels of DNA damage implicated in the action of the cytotoxic agents used.

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:880871 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:413038  
TITLE: Crystal structure of visfatin/pre-B cell colony-enhancing factor 1/nicotinamide phosphoribosyltransferase, free and in complex with the anti-cancer agent FK-866  
AUTHOR(S): Kim, Mun-Kyoung; Lee, Jun Hyuck; Kim, Hun; Park, Soo Jeong; Kim, Sung Hyun; Kang, Gil Bu; Lee, Yun Sok; Kim, Jae Bum; Kim, Kyeong Kyu; Suh, Se Won; Eom, Soo Hyun  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Life Science, Gwangju Institute of Science & Technology, Gwangju, 500-712, S. Korea  
SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Biology (2006), 362(1), 66-77  
CODEN: JMOBAK; ISSN: 0022-2836  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB Visfatin/pre-B cell colony-enhancing factor 1 (PBEF)/nicotinamide phosphoribosyltransferase (NAmPRTase) is a multifunctional protein having phosphoribosyltransferase, cytokine and adipokine activities. Originally isolated as a cytokine promoting the differentiation of B cell precursors, it was recently suggested to act as an insulin analog via the insulin receptor. Here, we describe the first crystal structure of visfatin in three different forms: apo and in complex with either NMN or the NAmPRTase inhibitor FK-866 which was developed as an anti-cancer agent, interferes with NAD biosynthesis, showing a particularly high specificity for NAmPRTase. The crystal structures of the complexes with either NMN or FK-866 show that the enzymic active site of visfatin is optimized for nicotinamide binding and that the nicotinamide-binding site is important for inhibition by FK-866. Interestingly, visfatin mimics insulin signaling by binding to the insulin receptor with an affinity similar to that of insulin and does not share the binding site with insulin on the insulin receptor. To predict binding sites, the potential interaction patches of visfatin and the L1-CR-L2 domain of insulin receptor were generated and analyzed. Although the relationship between the insulin-mimetic property and the enzymic function of visfatin has not been clearly established, our structures raise the intriguing possibility that the glucose metabolism and the NAD biosynthesis are linked by visfatin.  
REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:663657 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:202228  
TITLE: Molecular basis for the inhibition of human NMPRTase, a novel target for anticancer agents  
AUTHOR(S): Khan, Javed A.; Tao, Xiao; Tong, Liang  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biological Sciences, Columbia University, New York, NY, 10027, USA  
SOURCE: Nature Structural & Molecular Biology (2006), 13(7), 582-588  
CODEN: NSMBCU; ISSN: 1545-9993  
PUBLISHER: Nature Publishing Group  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB Nicotinamide phosphoribosyltransferase (NMPRTase) has a crucial role in the salvage pathway of NAD<sup>+</sup> biosynthesis, and a potent inhibitor of NMPRTase, FK866, can reduce cellular NAD<sup>+</sup> levels and induce apoptosis in tumors. The authors have determined the crystal structures at up to 2.1-Å resolution of human and murine NMPRTase, alone and in complex with the reaction product NMN or the inhibitor FK866. The structures suggest

that Asp219 is a determinant of substrate specificity of NMPRTase, which is confirmed by our mutagenesis studies. FK866 is bound in a tunnel at the interface of the NMPRTase dimer, and mutations in this binding site can abolish the inhibition by FK866. Contrary to current knowledge, the structures show that FK866 should compete directly with the nicotinamide substrate. Our structural and biochem. studies provide a starting point for the development of new anticancer agents.

REFERENCE COUNT: 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:636869 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:103734

TITLE: Compositions comprising multiple antibiotic agents including a FabI inhibitor, methods of using the same, and preparation of the heterocycle FabI inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Berman, Judd M.; Schmid, Molly B.; Mendlein, John D.; Kaplan, Nachum

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Affinium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 192 pp., which which

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

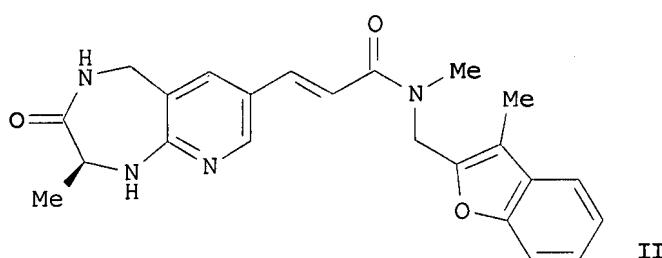
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006142265	A1	20060629	US 2005-231298	20050919
WO 2004082586	A2	20040930	WO 2004-IB1261	20040317
WO 2004082586	A3	20041223		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-455189P	P 20030317
			US 2003-476970P	P 20030609
			US 2003-488379P	P 20030718
			WO 2004-IB1261	A2 20040317

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 145:103734

GI



AB The invention is directed to antibacterial compns. comprising an NADH (or NADPH)-dependent enoyl-acyl carrier protein (ACP) reductase (FabI, previously designated EnvM) inhibitor of formula (Y1)a-A-CH(R1)-NR1CO-L-R2

(I) and at least one other antibiotic/antibacterial agent [L = alkyl, alkenyl, or cycloalkyl which may be substituted by one or more R1; A = (un)substituted bicyclic heteroaryl of 8-12 atoms or a tricyclic ring of 12-16 atoms, containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, S, and O; R1 = H, cyclo/alkyl, alk/aryl; R2 = heterocyclyl; a = 0-4; Y1 = -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-CO-NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub>; R<sub>4</sub> = water solubilizing group; R<sub>5</sub> = H, cyclo/alkyl; n = 0-4]. The antibacterial composition exhibits a synergistic antibacterial effect compared to its individual components. Thus, bromination of (S)-2-methyl-1,2,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-3-one (preparation given), coupling of the bromide with N-methyl-N-[(3-methylbenzofuran-2-yl)methyl]acrylamide, and acidulation of the free base (no data) with TFA gave pyridodiazepine II-TFA. Selected I inhibited FabI with a Ki < 1 nM, an MIC (minimal inhibitory concentration) < 0.125 µg/mL, and an IC<sub>50</sub> < 10 nM.

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:369236 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:430124

TITLE: Preparation of 3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane derivatives as glycine transporter inhibitors for enhancing cognition and treating psychoses

INVENTOR(S): Lowe, John A.; McHardy, Stan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

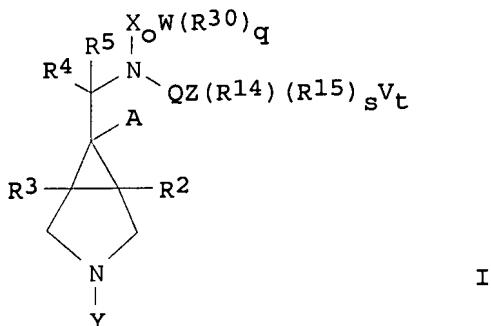
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005037216	A2	20050428	WO 2004-US34083	20041014
WO 2005037216	A3	20050804		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2004281794	A1	20050428	AU 2004-281794	20041014
CA 2542279	A1	20050428	CA 2004-2542279	20041014
US 2005096375	A1	20050505	US 2004-964931	20041014
EP 1680124	A2	20060719	EP 2004-795270	20041014
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR				
CN 1867338	A	20061122	CN 2004-80030044	20041014
BR 2004015356	A	20061212	BR 2004-15356	20041014
JP 2007508374	T	20070405	JP 2006-535348	20041014
IN 2006DN01426	A	20070810	IN 2006-DN1426	20060316
MX 2006PA04279	A	20060628	MX 2006-PA4279	20060417
NO 2006002193	A	20060515	NO 2006-2193	20060515
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-510846P	P 20031014
			WO 2004-US34083	W 20041014

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:430124

GI

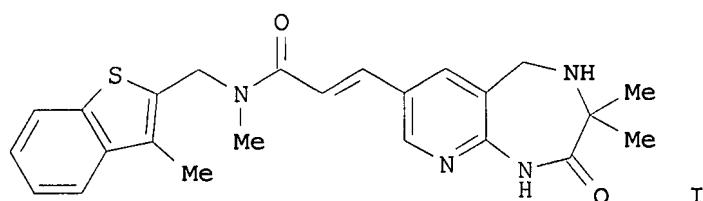


AB The present invention relates to substituted bicyclic [3.1.0]amines (shown as I; variables defined below; e.g. thiophene-2-carboxylic acid N-[(3-benzyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)methyl]-N-[3-fluoro-4-(morpholin-4-yl)phenyl]amide (II)), their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutical compns. thereof, and their use (no data) for the enhancement of cognition and the treatment of the pos. and neg. symptoms of schizophrenia and other psychoses in mammals, including humans. Compds. of the invention analyzed by an assay for their activity in inhibiting glycine reuptake in synaptosomes have IC<sub>50</sub> values more potent than 10  $\mu$ M; no values for individual examples of I are given. For I: Y = H or (R100)k-R1-(R6)m; k = 0-1; l = 0-3; m = 1-3; n = 0-4; o = 0-1; p = 0-3; q = 0-4; r = 1-2; s = 0-4; t = 0-1; u = 1-3; v = 1-3; R100 is -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl-, -C(O)- or -SO<sub>2</sub>-; R1 is -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, -(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)cycloalkyl, -(4 to 7 membered) heterocycloalkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1</sub>-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)aryl or -(5 to 10 membered) heteroaryl, or (5 to 10 membered) tetrahydroheteroaryl; each R<sub>6</sub> = H, halo, -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl-B, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)alkoxy-D, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkenoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl-OH, -OH, CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, -NR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub>, -NHCOalkyl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>), NHSO<sub>2</sub>alkyl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>), C(O)OR<sub>22</sub>, -R<sub>23</sub>C(O)OR<sub>22</sub>, -C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>, phenyl-E, phenoxy-F, morpholine, -NR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, -SR<sub>24</sub>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>25</sub>; B and D = H, OH, Ph, di-Ph or trifluoro; E and F = H, alkyl, or halo. R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> = H or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> = H or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; or R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> taken together form a double bond to an O to form (C<sub>2</sub>O), or R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are connected with 2 to 4 C atoms to form a 3-5 member carbocyclic ring; A is H or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl-(R<sub>28</sub>)<sub>n</sub>; R<sub>28</sub> = (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkoxy, -OH, -NR<sub>12</sub>R<sub>13</sub> or -NHC(O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl; X is a bond, -CH<sub>2</sub>(R<sub>29</sub>)<sub>p</sub>, -C(O) or -SO<sub>2</sub>; R<sub>29</sub> is -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; W is alkyl, -(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl, -(3 to 7 membered) heterocycloalkyl, -(3 to 7 membered) heterocycloalkyl with 1 or 2 C:O groups, Ph, or -(5 to 7 membered) heteroaryl or heterocyclic; R<sub>30</sub> is -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkoxy, CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -NR<sub>18</sub>R<sub>19</sub>, -NHC(O)R<sub>18</sub>, -SCH<sub>3</sub> or -C(O)CH<sub>3</sub>. Q is a bond, -CH(R<sub>31</sub>)<sub>r</sub>, -C(O) or SO<sub>2</sub>; R<sub>31</sub> = H or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl; Z is -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)alkyl, -(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)cycloalkyl, -(4 to 8 membered) heterocycloalkyl, Ph or -(5 to 7 membered) heteroaryl or heterocyclic; R<sub>14</sub> is F, Cl, Br, I, V, H, -NR<sub>16</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, -OR<sub>16</sub>, -C(O)NR<sub>16</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, -(SO<sub>2</sub>)NR<sub>16</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, or NR<sub>32</sub>C(O)-R<sub>33</sub>; R<sub>15</sub> is -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkyl, -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)alkoxy, -F, -Br, -Cl, -I, -OH or CN; V is -(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)cycloalkyl, -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)alkyl, (5 to 7 membered) heterocycloalkyl, (5 to 7 membered) heterocycloalkyl substituted with 1 or 2 C:O groups or 1, 2, or 3-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)alkyl groups; addnl. details are given in the claims. Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, 6 example preps. are included. For example, II was prepared in 5 steps starting from (3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)methanol hydrochloride and involving 6-hydroxymethyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-3-carboxylic acid tert-Bu ester, 6-[[[3-fluoro-4-(morpholin-4-yl)phenyl]amino]methyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-3-carboxylic acid tert-Bu ester, 6-[[[3-fluoro-4-(morpholin-4-yl)phenyl][(thien-2-yl)carbonyl]amino]methyl]-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-3-carboxylic acid tert-Bu ester and thiophene-2-carboxylic acid N-[(3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl)methyl]-N-[3-fluoro-4-(morpholin-4-yl)phenyl]amide trifluoroacetate as intermediates.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:799437 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:314353  
 TITLE: Compositions comprising multiple antibiotic agents including a FabI inhibitor, methods of using the same, and preparation of the heterocycle FabI inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Berman, Judd M.; Schmid, Molly B.; Mendlein, John D.; Kaplan, Nachum  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Affinium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Can.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 311 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004082586	A2	20040930	WO 2004-IB1261	20040317
WO 2004082586	A3	20041223		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2519429	A1	20040930	CA 2004-2519429	20040317
EP 1608377	A2	20051228	EP 2004-721257	20040317
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK				
JP 2006523207	T	20061012	JP 2006-506526	20040317
US 2006142265	A1	20060629	US 2005-231298	20050919
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-455189P	P 20030317
			US 2003-476970P	P 20030609
			US 2003-488379P	P 20030718
			WO 2004-IB1261	W 20040317

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:314353  
 GI



AB The invention is directed to antibacterial compns. comprising an NADH (or NADPH)-dependent enoyl-acyl carrier protein (ACP) reductase (FabI, previously designated EnvM) inhibitor of formula (Y1)a-A-CH(R1)-NR1CO-L-R2 (I) and at least one other antibiotic/antibacterial agent [L = alkyl, alkenyl, or cycloalkyl which may be substituted by one or more R1; A = (un)substituted bicyclic heteroaryl of 8-12 atoms or a tricyclic ring of 12-16 atoms, containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, S, and O; R1 = cyclo/alkyl, alk/aryl; R2 = heterocyclyl; a = 0-4; Y1 = -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-CO-NR4R5; R4 = water solubilizing group; R5 = H, cyclo/alkyl; n = 0-4]. The antibacterial composition exhibits a synergistic antibacterial effect compared to its individual components. Thus, reacting 7-Bromo-3,3-dimethyl-1,3,4,5-

tetrahydropyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-2-one (preparation given) with N-Methyl-N-[(3-methylbenzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)methyl]acrylamide (preparation given), followed by acidulation gave diazepinone salt II•HCl. Selected I inhibited FabI with a  $K_i < 1$  nM, an MIC (minimal inhibitory concentration)  $< 0.125$   $\mu$ g/mL, and an  $IC_{50} < 10$  nM.

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:885670 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:174633  
TITLE: FK866, a Highly Specific Noncompetitive Inhibitor of Nicotinamide Phosphoribosyltransferase, Represents a Novel Mechanism for Induction of Tumor Cell Apoptosis  
AUTHOR(S): Hasmann, Max; Schemainda, Isabel  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fujisawa GmbH, Munich, 81673, Germany  
SOURCE: Cancer Research (2003), 63(21), 7436-7442  
CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472  
PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB Deregulation of apoptosis, the physiol. form of cell death, is closely associated with immunol. diseases and cancer. Apoptosis is activated either by death receptor-driven or mitochondrial pathways, both of which may provide potential targets for novel anticancer drugs. Although several ligands stimulating death receptors have been described, the actual mol. events triggering the mitochondrial pathway are largely unknown. Here, we show initiation of apoptosis by gradual depletion of the intracellular coenzyme NAD<sup>+</sup>. We identified the first low mol. weight compound, designated FK866, which induces apoptosis by highly specific, noncompetitive inhibition of nicotinamide phosphoribosyltransferase (NAPRT), a key enzyme in the regulation of NAD<sup>+</sup> biosynthesis from the natural precursor nicotinamide. Interference with this enzyme does not primarily intoxicate cells because the mitochondrial respiratory activity and the NAD<sup>+</sup>-dependent redox reactions involved remain unaffected as long as NAD<sup>+</sup> is not effectively depleted by catabolic reactions. Certain tissues, however, have a high turnover of NAD<sup>+</sup> through its cleavage by enzymes like poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase. Such cells often rely on the more readily available nicotinamide pathway for NAD<sup>+</sup> synthesis and undergo apoptosis after inhibition of NAPRT, whereas cells effectively using the nicotinic acid pathway for NAD<sup>+</sup> synthesis remain unaffected. In support of this concept, FK866 effectively induced delayed cell death by apoptosis in HepG2 human liver carcinoma cells with an  $IC_{50}$  of .apprx.1 nM, did not directly inhibit mitochondrial respiratory activity, but caused gradual NAD<sup>+</sup> depletion through specific inhibition of NAPRT. This enzyme, when partially purified from K562 human leukemia cells, was noncompetitively inhibited by FK866, and the inhibitor consts. were calculated to be 0.4 nM for the enzyme/substrate complex ( $K_i$ ) and 0.3 nM for the free enzyme ( $K_i'$ ), resp. Nicotinic acid and nicotinamide were both found to have antidote potential for the cellular effects of FK866. FK866 may be used for treatment of diseases implicating deregulated apoptosis such as cancer for immunosuppression or as a sensitizer for genotoxic agents. Furthermore, it may provide an important tool for investigation of the mol. triggers of the mitochondrial pathway leading to apoptosis through enabling temporal separation of NAD<sup>+</sup> decrease from ATP breakdown and apoptosis by several days.

REFERENCE COUNT: 50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:706352 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:276324  
TITLE: Inhibitors of cellular nicotinamide mononucleotide formation, therapeutic use thereof, and identification and metabolic methods  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi; Eisenburger, Rolf; Hasmann, Max;

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Loser, Roland; Rattel, Benno; Reiter, Friedemann; Schein, Barbara; Schemainda, Isabel; Schulz, Michael; Seibel, Klaus; Vogt, Klaus; Wosikowski, Katja  
 SOURCE: Klinge Pharma G.m.b.H., Germany  
 Ger. Offen., 20 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19908483	A1	20001005	DE 1999-19908483	19990226
			DE 1999-19908483	19990226

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: AB Biol. active substances are described which inhibit the cellular formation of NMN, an essential intermediate in NAD(P) biosynthesis in the cell. These substances can be used for a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of cancer, leukemia, or for Immunosuppression. Addnl., methods are described for the identification of such substances and for the investigation of a given cell type for its dependence on nicotinamide as a precursor in NAD synthesis.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:690954 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:307106  
 TITLE: Use of vitamin PP compounds as cytoprotective agents in chemotherapy  
 INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi; Hasmann, Max; Loser, Roland; Rattel, Benno; Reiter, Friedemann; Schein, Barbara; Schemainda, Isabel; Seibel, Klaus; Vogt, Klaus; Wosikowski, Katja  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Klinge Pharma GmbH, Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 145 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9953920	A1	19991028	WO 1999-EP2686	19990421
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
DE 19818044	A1	19991028	DE 1998-19818044	19980422
EP 1031564	A1	20000830	EP 1999-103814	19990226
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
AU 9939282	A	19991108	AU 1999-39282	19990421
EP 1079832	A1	20010307	EP 1999-922119	19990421
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
JP 2002512190	T	20020423	JP 2000-544324	19990421
AT 311186	T	20051215	AT 1999-922119	19990421
ES 2253890	T3	20060601	ES 1999-922119	19990421
WO 2000050399	A1	20000831	WO 2000-EP1628	20000228
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,				

CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,  
 IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA,  
 MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,  
 SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,  
 DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,  
 CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 EP 1154998 A1 20011121 EP 2000-907642 20000228  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO  
 JP 2002537380 T 20021105 JP 2000-600982 20000228  
 EP 1816124 A2 20070808 EP 2007-10337 20000228  
 R: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC,  
 NL, PT, SE  
 US 2002160968 A1 20021031 US 2001-935772 20010823  
 US 6506572 B2 20030114  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1998-19818044 A 19980422  
 EP 1999-103814 A 19990226  
 WO 1999-EP2686 W 19990421  
 EP 2000-907642 A3 20000228  
 WO 2000-EP1628 W 20000228

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:307106

AB The invention relates to the use of vitamin PP compds. and/or compds. with anti-pellagra activity such as for example nicotinic acid (niacin), and nicotinamide (niacin-amide, vitamin PP, vitamin B3) for the reduction, elimination or prevention of side-effects of different degrees as well as for neutralization of acute side-effects in immunosuppressive or cancerostatic chemotherapy or diagnosis, especially with substituted pyridine carboxamides, as well as combination medicaments with an amount of compds. with vitamin B3 and/or anti-pellagra activity and chemotherapeutic agents are especially considered in the mentioned chemotherapies and indications. Nicotinamide at 500 mg/kg twice daily protected mice treated i.p. with antitumor N-[4-(1-diphenylmethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyl]-3-(pyridin-3-yl)propionamide. There were no deaths in the nicotinamide -treated mice and the strong reduction of leukocytes was completely prevented.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 18 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:177955 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: THIENOPYRIDINE AND FUROPYRIDINE KINASE INHIBITORS  
 INVENTOR(S): Betschmann, Patrick, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
                  Burchat, Andrew F., Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
                  Calderwood, David J., Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES  
                  Curtin, Michael L., Pleasant Prairie, WI, UNITED STATES  
                  Davidson, Steven K., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
                  Davis, Heather M., Oxford, MA, UNITED STATES  
                  Frey, Robin R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
                  Heyman, Howard R., Deerfield, IL, UNITED STATES  
                  Hirst, Gavin C., Princeton, MA, UNITED STATES  
                  Hrnciar, Peter, Hamden, CT, UNITED STATES  
                  Michaelides, Michael R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
                  Muckey, Melanie A., Trevor, WI, UNITED STATES  
                  Mullen, Kelly D., Charlton, MA, UNITED STATES  
                  Rafferty, Paul, Westborough, MA, UNITED STATES  
                  Wada, Carol K., Gurnee, IL, UNITED STATES

NUMBER           KIND           DATE

-----  
 PATENT INFORMATION: US 2007155776 A1 20070705  
 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2007-675183 A1 20070215 (11)  
 RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 2004-899168, filed on 26 Jul 2004, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 7202363

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-567703P	20040503 (60)
	US 2003-489734P	20030724 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Robert DeBerardine, D-377/AP6A-1, Abbott Laboratories, 100 Abbott Park Road, Abbott Park, IL, 60064-6008, US	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	28	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	15633	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compounds having the formula ##STR1## are useful for inhibiting protein tyrosine kinases. The present invention also discloses methods of making the compounds, compositions containing the compounds, and methods of treatment using the compounds.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L6 ANSWER 12 OF 18 USPATFULL on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:215750 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Heterocyclic compounds, methods of making them and their use in therapy  
 INVENTOR(S): Berman, Judd, Toronto, CANADA  
 Sampson, Peter, Ontario, CANADA  
 Pauls, Heinz W., Ontario, CANADA  
 Ramnauth, Jailall, Ontario, CANADA  
 Douglas, David, Manning, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Surman, Matthew David, Albany, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Xie, Dejian, Glenmount, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Decornez, Helene Yvonne, Clifton Park, NY, UNITED STATES  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Affinium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Toronto, ON, CANADA, M5J1V6 (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2006183908	A1	20060817
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2003-537747	A1	20031205 (10)
	WO 2003-US38706		20031205
			20060327 PCT 371 date

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2002-431406P	20021206 (60)
	US 2003-465583P	20030425 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	FOLEY HOAG, LLP, PATENT GROUP, WORLD TRADE CENTER WEST, 155 SEAPORT BLVD, BOSTON, MA, 02110, US	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	49	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	8 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	7935	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		
AB	In part, the present invention is directed to antibacterial compounds of formula (I) wherein A is a bicyclic heteroaryl ring or a tricyclic ring and R. <sub>2</sub> is an heterocyclic residue; L is a bond, or L is alkyl, alkenyl or cycloalkyl. ##STR1##	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 18 USPATFULL on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:167754 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Compositions comprising multiple bioactive agents, and

INVENTOR(S): methods of using the same  
 Berman, Judd M., Toronto, CANADA  
 Schmid, Molly B., Toronto, CANADA  
 Mendlein, John D., Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES  
 Kaplan, Nachum, Toronto, CANADA  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Affinium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Toronto, CANADA  
 (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2006142265	A1	20060629
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2005-231298	A1	20050919 (11)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2004-IB1261, filed on 17 Mar 2004, UNKNOWN		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-455189P	20030317 (60)
	US 2003-476970P	20030609 (60)
	US 2003-488379P	20030718 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	FOLEY HOAG, LLP, PATENT GROUP, WORLD TRADE CENTER WEST, 155 SEAPORT BLVD, BOSTON, MA, 02110, US	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	42	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	10 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	15944	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		
AB	In part, the present invention is directed to compositions comprising a FabI inhibitor and at least one other bioactive agent. In another part, the present invention is directed to antibacterial compositions comprising a compound of formulas I-III and at least one other antibacterial agent.	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 18 USPATFULL on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:112290 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Bicyclic [3.1.0] derivatives as glycine transporter inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): McHardy, Stanton, Coventry, RI, UNITED STATES  
 Lowe, John A., Stonington, CT, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005096375	A1	20050505
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-964931	A1	20041014 (10)
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-510846P	20031014 (60)	
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	SCULLY SCOTT MURPHY & PRESSER, PC, 400 GARDEN CITY PLAZA, SUITE 300, GARDEN CITY, NY, 11530, US		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	20		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
LINE COUNT:	2435		
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.			
AB	The present invention relates to a series of substituted bicyclic [3.1.0]amines of the Formula I: ##STR1## wherein A, B, D, Q, V, W, X, Y, Z, R.sup.2, R.sup.3, R.sup.4, R.sup.5, R.sup.14, R.sup.15, R.sup.30. o, p, s, t and q are as defined in the specification, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutical compositions		

thereof, and their use for the enhancement of cognition and the treatment of the positive and negative symptoms of schizophrenia and other psychoses in mammals, including humans.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L6 ANSWER 15 OF 18 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:50547 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Thienopyridine and fuopyridine kinase inhibitors  
INVENTOR(S):  
Betschmann, Patrick, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Burchat, Andrew F., Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Calderwood, David J., Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES  
Curtin, Michael L., Pleasant Prairie, WI, UNITED STATES  
Davidson, Steven K., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Davis, Heather M., Oxford, MA, UNITED STATES  
Frey, Robin R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Heyman, Howard R., Deerfield, IL, UNITED STATES  
Hirst, Gavin C., Princeton, MA, UNITED STATES  
Hrnciar, Peter, Hamden, CT, UNITED STATES  
Michaelides, Michael R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
STATES  
Mickey, Melanie A., Trevor, WI, UNITED STATES  
Rafferty, Paul, Westborough, MA, UNITED STATES  
Wada, Carol K., Gurnee, IL, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005043347	A1	20050224
	US 7202363	B2	20070410
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-899168	A1	20040726 (10)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-567703P	20040503 (60)
	US 2003-489734P	20030724 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	ROBERT DEBERARDINE, ABBOTT LABORATORIES, 100 ABBOTT PARK ROAD, DEPT. 377/AP6A, ABBOTT PARK, IL, 60064-6008	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	28	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	15845	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Compounds having the formula ##STR1##

are useful for inhibiting protein tyrosine kinases. The present invention also discloses methods of making the compounds, compositions containing the compounds, and methods of treatment using the compounds.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 18 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:31507 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Thienopyridine and fuopyridine kinase inhibitors  
INVENTOR(S):  
Betschmann, Patrick, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Burchat, Andrew F., Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Calderwood, David J., Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES  
Curtin, Michael L., Pleasant Prairie, WI, UNITED STATES  
Davidson, Steven K., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Davis, Heather M., Oxford, MA, UNITED STATES  
Frey, Robin R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Heyman, Howard R., Deerfield, IL, UNITED STATES  
Hirst, Gavin C., Princeton, MA, UNITED STATES  
Hrnciar, Peter, Hamden, CT, UNITED STATES  
Michaelides, Michael R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES

STATES  
Muckey, Melanie A., Trevor, WI, UNITED STATES  
Rafferty, Paul, Westborough, MA, UNITED STATES  
Wada, Carol K., Gurnee, IL, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005026944	A1	20050203
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-838132	A1	20040503 (10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-626092, filed on 24 Jul 2003, PENDING		
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	ROBERT DEBERARDINE, ABBOTT LABORATORIES, 100 ABBOTT PARK ROAD, DEPT. 377/AP6A, ABBOTT PARK, IL, 60064-6008		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	28		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
LINE COUNT:	10032		
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.			
AB	Compounds having the formula ##STR1##		

are useful for inhibiting protein tyrosine kinases. The present invention also discloses methods of making the compounds, compositions containing the compounds, and methods of treatment using the compounds.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L6 ANSWER 17 OF 18 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:24070 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Thienopyridine kinase inhibitors  
INVENTOR(S):  
Betschmann, Patrick, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Burchat, Andrew, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Calderwood, David, Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES  
Curtin, Michael L., Pleasant Prairie, WI, UNITED STATES  
Davidson, Steven K., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Davis, Heather M., Oxford, MA, UNITED STATES  
Frey, Robin R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Heyman, Howard R., Deerfield, IL, UNITED STATES  
Hirst, Gavin, Princeton, MA, UNITED STATES  
Hrnciar, Peter, Hamden, CT, UNITED STATES  
Michaelides, Michael, Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Rafferty, Paul, Westborough, MA, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005020619	A1	20050127
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2003-626092	A1	20030724 (10)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	ROBERT DEBERARDINE, ABBOTT LABORATORIES, 100 ABBOTT PARK ROAD, DEPT. 377/AP6A, ABBOTT PARK, IL, 60064-6008		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	28		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
LINE COUNT:	7164		
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.			
AB	Compounds having the formula ##STR1##		

are useful for inhibiting protein tyrosine kinases. The present invention also discloses methods of making the compounds, compositions containing the compounds, and methods of treatment using the compounds.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L6 ANSWER 18 OF 18 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:288098 USPATFULL

TITLE: Inhibitors of cellular niacinamide mononucleotide formation and their use in cancer therapy  
 INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Eisenburger, Rolf, Kirchseeon, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Schemainda, Isabel, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Schulz, Michael, Aschheim, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Wosikowski, Katja, Poing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Klinge Pharma GmbH (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002160968	A1	20021031
	US 6506572	B2	20030114
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-935772	A1	20010823 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2000-EP1628, filed on 28 Feb 2000, UNKNOWN		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	EP 1999-103814	19990226
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	FITCH EVEN TABIN AND FLANNERY, 120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1600, CHICAGO, IL, 60603-3406	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	25	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	28 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	3127	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB New biologically active compounds are described which inhibit the cellular formation of niacinamide mononucleotide, and essential intermediate of the NAD(P) biosynthesis in the cell. These compounds can represent the active ingredient of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of cancers, leukaemias or for immunosuppression. Furthermore, screening methods are described as a tool for detecting the above active compounds, and for examination of a given cell type for its dependency on niacinamide as a precursor for NAD synthesis.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	100.24	272.55
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-12.48	-12.48

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:25:19 ON 21 AUG 2007  
 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 21 Aug 2007 (20070821/PD)

FILE LAST UPDATED: 21 Aug 2007 (20070821/ED)  
HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US7260849  
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2007192920  
CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 21 Aug 2007 (20070821/UPCA)  
ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 21 Aug 2007 (20070821/PD)  
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Jun 2007  
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Jun 2007

=> s 12  
L7 17 L2

=> d 17 1-17 ibib, abs

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:177955 USPATFULL  
TITLE: THIENOPYRIDINE AND FUROPYRIDINE KINASE INHIBITORS  
INVENTOR(S):  
Betschmann, Patrick, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Burchat, Andrew F., Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Calderwood, David J., Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES  
Curtin, Michael L., Pleasant Prairie, WI, UNITED STATES  
Davidson, Steven K., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Davis, Heather M., Oxford, MA, UNITED STATES  
Frey, Robin R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Heyman, Howard R., Deerfield, IL, UNITED STATES  
Hirst, Gavin C., Princeton, MA, UNITED STATES  
Hrnciar, Peter, Hamden, CT, UNITED STATES  
Michaelides, Michael R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Muckey, Melanie A., Trevor, WI, UNITED STATES  
Mullen, Kelly D., Charlton, MA, UNITED STATES  
Rafferty, Paul, Westborough, MA, UNITED STATES  
Wada, Carol K., Gurnee, IL, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2007155776	A1	20070705
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2007-675183	A1	20070215 (11)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 2004-899168, filed on 26 Jul 2004, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 7202363		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-567703P	20040503 (60)
	US 2003-489734P	20030724 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	.
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	.
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Robert DeBerardine, D-377/AP6A-1, Abbott Laboratories, 100 Abbott Park Road, Abbott Park, IL, 60064-6008, US	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	28	.
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	.
LINE COUNT:	15633	.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compounds having the formula ##STR1## are useful for inhibiting protein tyrosine kinases. The present invention also discloses methods of making the compounds, compositions containing the compounds, and methods of treatment using the compounds.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:162821 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Pyridyl Alkene and Pyridyl Alkene-Acid Amides as Cytostatics and Immunosuppressives  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL

REPUBLIC OF  
 Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL  
 REPUBLIC OF  
 Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
--------	------	------

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2007142377 A1 20070621

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2007-678980 A1 20070226 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2002-213952, filed on 5 Aug 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-242540, filed on 18 Feb 1999, ABANDONED A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1997-EP3245, filed on 20 Jun 1997

NUMBER	DATE
--------	------

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DE 1996-19624659 19960620

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

FITCH EVEN TABIN AND FLANNERY, 120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1600, CHICAGO, IL, 60603-3406, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

41

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

LINE COUNT:

4276

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to a new pyridyl alkene and pyridyl alkene acid amides according to the general formula (I) ##STR1## as well as methods for their production, medicaments containing these compounds as well as their medical use, especially in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:215750 USPATFULL

TITLE: Heterocyclic compounds, methods of making them and their use in therapy

INVENTOR(S):  
 Berman, Judd, Toronto, CANADA  
 Sampson, Peter, Ontario, CANADA  
 Pauls, Heinz W., Ontario, CANADA  
 Ramnauth, Jailall, Ontario, CANADA  
 Douglas, David, Manning, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Surman, Matthew David, Albany, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Xie, Dejian, Glenmount, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Decornez, Helene Yvonne, Clifton Park, NY, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Affinium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Toronto, ON, CANADA, M5J1V6 (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
--------	------	------

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2006183908 A1 20060817

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003-537747 A1 20031205 (10)

WO 2003-US38706 20031205  
 20060327 PCT 371 date

NUMBER	DATE
--------	------

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-431406P 20021206 (60)

US 2003-465583P 20030425 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: FOLEY HOAG, LLP, PATENT GROUP, WORLD TRADE CENTER WEST,  
155 SEAPORT BLVD, BOSTON, MA, 02110, US  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 49  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 8 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 7935

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB In part, the present invention is directed to antibacterial compounds of formula (I) wherein A is a bicyclic heteroaryl ring or a tricyclic ring and R.<sub>2</sub> is an heterocyclic residue; L is a bond, or L is alkyl, alkenyl or cycloalkyl. ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:167754 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Compositions comprising multiple bioactive agents, and methods of using the same  
INVENTOR(S): Berman, Judd M., Toronto, CANADA  
Schmid, Molly B., Toronto, CANADA  
Mendlein, John D., Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES  
Kaplan, Nachum, Toronto, CANADA  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Affinium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Toronto, CANADA  
(non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2006142265	A1	20060629
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2005-231298	A1	20050919 (11)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2004-IB1261, filed on 17 Mar 2004, UNKNOWN		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-455189P	20030317 (60)
	US 2003-476970P	20030609 (60)
	US 2003-488379P	20030718 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	FOLEY HOAG, LLP, PATENT GROUP, WORLD TRADE CENTER WEST, 155 SEAPORT BLVD, BOSTON, MA, 02110, US	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	42	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	10 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	15944	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		
AB	In part, the present invention is directed to compositions comprising a FabI inhibitor and at least one other bioactive agent. In another part, the present invention is directed to antibacterial compositions comprising a compound of formulas I-III and at least one other antibacterial agent.	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:61249 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Use of pyridyl amides as inhibitors of angiogenesis  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Loser, Roland, Feidafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
--------	------	------

-----  
 PATENT INFORMATION: US 2006052419 A1 20060309  
 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-509362 A1 20030324 (10)  
 WO 2003-EP3060 20030324  
 20050415 PCT 371 date

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	EP 2002-6697	20020327
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	HELLER EHRLMAN LLP, 275 MIDDLEFIELD ROAD, MENLO PARK, CA, 94025-3506, US	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	17	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1-14	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	3 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	1137	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to the use of derivatives of Formula I in the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a mammal, in which inappropriate, excessive or undesirable angiogenesis has occurred, and to the prevention thereof. (I) ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:112290 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Bicyclic [3.1.0] derivatives as glycine transporter inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): McHardy, Stanton, Coventry, RI, UNITED STATES  
 Lowe, John A., Stonington, CT, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005096375	A1	20050505
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-964931	A1	20041014 (10)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-510846P	20031014 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	SCULLY SCOTT MURPHY & PRESSER, PC, 400 GARDEN CITY PLAZA, SUITE 300, GARDEN CITY, NY, 11530, US	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	20	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	2435	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to a series of substituted bicyclic[3.1.0]amines of the Formula I: ##STR1## wherein A, B, D, Q, V, W, X, Y, Z, R.sup.2, R.sup.3, R.sup.4, R.sup.5, R.sup.14, R.sup.15, R.sup.30. o, p, s, t and q are as defined in the specification, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutical compositions thereof, and their use for the enhancement of cognition and the treatment of the positive and negative symptoms of schizophrenia and other psychoses in mammals, including humans.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:50547 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Thienopyridine and furopyridine kinase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Betschmann, Patrick, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
 Burchat, Andrew F., Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
 Calderwood, David J., Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES

Curtin, Michael L., Pleasant Prairie, WI, UNITED STATES  
 Davidsen, Steven K., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
 Davis, Heather M., Oxford, MA, UNITED STATES  
 Frey, Robin R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
 Heyman, Howard R., Deerfield, IL, UNITED STATES  
 Hirst, Gavin C., Princeton, MA, UNITED STATES  
 Hrnciar, Peter, Hamden, CT, UNITED STATES  
 Michaelides, Michael R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
 STATES  
 Muckey, Melanie A., Trevor, WI, UNITED STATES  
 Rafferty, Paul, Westborough, MA, UNITED STATES  
 Wada, Carol K., Gurnee, IL, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005043347	A1	20050224
	US 7202363	B2	20070410
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-899168	A1	20040726 (10)
	NUMBER	DATE	
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-567703P	20040503 (60)	
	US 2003-489734P	20030724 (60)	
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	ROBERT DEBERARDINE, ABBOTT LABORATORIES, 100 ABBOTT PARK ROAD, DEPT. 377/AP6A, ABBOTT PARK, IL, 60064-6008		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	28		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
LINE COUNT:	15845		
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.			
AB	Compounds having the formula ##STR1##		

are useful for inhibiting protein tyrosine kinases. The present invention also discloses methods of making the compounds, compositions containing the compounds, and methods of treatment using the compounds.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 8 OF 17	USPATFULL	on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:	2005:31507 USPATFULL	
TITLE:	Thienopyridine and furopyridine kinase inhibitors	
INVENTOR(S):	Betschmann, Patrick, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES	
	Burchat, Andrew F., Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES	
	Calderwood, David J., Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES	
	Curtin, Michael L., Pleasant Prairie, WI, UNITED STATES	
	Davidson, Steven K., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES	
	Davis, Heather M., Oxford, MA, UNITED STATES	
	Frey, Robin R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES	
	Heyman, Howard R., Deerfield, IL, UNITED STATES	
	Hirst, Gavin C., Princeton, MA, UNITED STATES	
	Hrnciar, Peter, Hamden, CT, UNITED STATES	
	Michaelides, Michael R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES	
	STATES	
	Muckey, Melanie A., Trevor, WI, UNITED STATES	
	Rafferty, Paul, Westborough, MA, UNITED STATES	
	Wada, Carol K., Gurnee, IL, UNITED STATES	

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005026944	A1	20050203
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-838132	A1	20040503 (10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-626092, filed on 24 Jul 2003, PENDING		
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: ROBERT DEBERARDINE, ABBOTT LABORATORIES, 100 ABBOTT  
PARK ROAD, DEPT. 377/AP6A, ABBOTT PARK, IL, 60064-6008  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 28  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
LINE COUNT: 10032  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Compounds having the formula ##STR1##

are useful for inhibiting protein tyrosine kinases. The present invention also discloses methods of making the compounds, compositions containing the compounds, and methods of treatment using the compounds.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 9 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:24070 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Thienopyridine kinase inhibitors  
INVENTOR(S): Betschmann, Patrick, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Burchat, Andrew, Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES  
Calderwood, David, Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES  
Curtin, Michael L., Pleasant Prairie, WI, UNITED STATES  
Davidson, Steven K., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Davis, Heather M., Oxford, MA, UNITED STATES  
Frey, Robin R., Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Heyman, Howard R., Deerfield, IL, UNITED STATES  
Hirst, Gavin, Princeton, MA, UNITED STATES  
Hrnciar, Peter, Hamden, CT, UNITED STATES  
Michaelides, Michael, Libertyville, IL, UNITED STATES  
Rafferty, Paul, Westborough, MA, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005020619	A1	20050127
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2003-626092	A1	20030724 (10)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	ROBERT DEBERARDINE, ABBOTT LABORATORIES, 100 ABBOTT PARK ROAD, DEPT. 377/AP6A, ABBOTT PARK, IL, 60064-6008		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	28		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
LINE COUNT:	7164		

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Compounds having the formula ##STR1##

are useful for inhibiting protein tyrosine kinases. The present invention also discloses methods of making the compounds, compositions containing the compounds, and methods of treatment using the compounds.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 10 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:228219 USPATFULL  
TITLE: New pyridyl alkane acid amides as cytostatics and  
immunosuppressives  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL  
REPUBLIC OF  
Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL  
REPUBLIC OF  
Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Klinge Pharma GmbH (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER            KIND            DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2004176605    A1    20040909  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-683509    A1    20031010 (10)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2002-208656, filed on 30 Jul 2002, ABANDONED Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-216075, filed on 18 Dec 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6444823 Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1997-EP3243, filed on 20 Jun 1997, UNKNOWN

NUMBER            DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DE 1996-19624704    19960620  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: FITCH EVEN TABIN AND FLANNERY, 120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1600, CHICAGO, IL, 60603-3406  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 40  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
LINE COUNT: 4640

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB      The invention relates to new pyridyl alkane acid amides according to general formula (I) as well as methods for their production, medicaments containing these compounds as well as their medical use, especially in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression.    ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7    ANSWER 11 OF 17    USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:39319    USPATFULL  
TITLE: Use of pyridyl alkane, pyridyl alkene and/or pyridyl alkine acid amides in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Klinge Pharma GmbH (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER            KIND            DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2004029861    A1    20040212  
APPLICATION INFO.: US 2002-208253    A1    20020730 (10)  
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-216482, filed on 18 Dec 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6451816 Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1997-EP3244, filed on 20 Jun 1997, UNKNOWN

NUMBER            DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DE 1997-19624668    19970620  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: FITCH EVEN TABIN AND FLANNERY, 120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1600, CHICAGO, IL, 60603-3406  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 19  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
LINE COUNT: 5504

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to the use of pharmacologically valuable pyridyl alkane, pyridyl alkene and/or pyridyl alkene acid amides according to general formula (I) in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression.  
##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 12 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:13445 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Pyridyl alkene- and pyridyl alkene- acid amides as cytostatics and immuno-suppressives  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Klinge Pharma GmbH (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2004009967	A1	20040115
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2002-208656	A1	20020730 (10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-216075, filed on 18 Dec 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6444823 Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1997-EP3243, filed on 20 Jun 1997, UNKNOWN		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	DE 1996-19624704	19960620
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	FITCH EVEN TABIN AND FLANNERY, 120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1600, CHICAGO, IL, 60603-3406	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	40	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	4514	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to new pyridyl alkane acid amides according to general formula (I) as well as methods for their production, medicaments containing these compounds as well as their medical use, especially in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 13 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:232771 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Pyridyl alkane acid amides as cytostatics and immunosuppressives  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Klinge Pharma GmbH (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2003162972	A1	20030828
	US 7241745	B2	20070710
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2002-213952	A1	20020805 (10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-242540, filed on 18 Feb 1999, ABANDONED A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1997-EP3245, filed on 20 Jun 1997, UNKNOWN		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	DE 1996-19624659	19960620
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	FITCH EVEN TABIN AND FLANNERY, 120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1600, CHICAGO, IL, 60603-3406	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	40	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	4806	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to new pyridyl alkane acid amides according to general formula (I) as well as methods for their production, medicaments containing these compounds as well as their medical use, especially in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression. ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 14 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:288098 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Inhibitors of cellular niacinamide mononucleotide formation and their use in cancer therapy  
 INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Eisenburger, Rolf, Kirchseeon, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Schemainda, Isabel, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Schulz, Michael, Aschheim, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Wosikowski, Katja, Poing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Klinge Pharma GmbH (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002160968	A1	20021031
	US 6506572	B2	20030114
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-935772	A1	20010823 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2000-EP1628, filed on 28 Feb 2000, UNKNOWN		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	EP 1999-103814	19990226
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	FITCH EVEN TABIN AND FLANNERY, 120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1600, CHICAGO, IL, 60603-3406	

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 25  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 28 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 3127

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB New biologically active compounds are described which inhibit the cellular formation of niacinamide mononucleotide, and essential intermediate of the NAD(P) biosynthesis in the cell. These compounds can represent the active ingredient of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of cancers, leukaemias or for immunosuppression. Furthermore, screening methods are described as a tool for detecting the above active compounds, and for examination of a given cell type for its dependency on niacinamide as a precursor for NAD synthesis.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 15 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:239033 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Use of pyridyl alkane, pyridyl alkene and/or pyridyl alkene acid amides in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Seibel, Klaus, Grafelfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Klinge Pharma GmbH, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6451816	B1	20020917
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-216482		19981218 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1997-EP3244, filed on 20 Jun 1997		

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Rotman, Alan L.  
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Desai, Rita  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Fitch, Even, Tabin, & Flannery  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 18  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 4285

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to the use of pharmacologically valuable pyridyl alkane, pyridyl alkene and/or pyridyl alkene acid amides according to general formula (I) in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression.  
##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 16 OF 17 USPATFULL on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:224728 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Pyridyl alkane acid amides as cytostatics and immunosuppressives  
INVENTOR(S): Biedermann, Elfi, Vaterstetten, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Hasmann, Max, Neuried, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
Loser, Roland, Feldafing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Rattel, Benno, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Reiter, Friedemann, Putzbrunn, GERMANY, FEDERAL  
 REPUBLIC OF  
 Schein, Barbara, Neufahrn, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Seibel, Klaus, Gra felfing, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC  
 OF  
 Vogt, Klaus, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF  
 Klinge Pharma GmbH, Munich, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC  
 OF (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6444823	B1	20020903
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-216075		19981218 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1997-EP3243, filed on 20 Jun 1997		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	DE 1996-19624704	19960620
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Rotman, Alan L.	
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	Desai, Rita	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Fitch, Even, Tabin & Flannery	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	15	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	3772	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to new pyridyl alkane acid amides according to general formula (I) as well as methods for their production, medicaments containing these compounds as well as their medical use, especially in the treatment of tumors or for immunosuppression. ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 17 OF 17	USPATFULL	on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:	92:101011	USPATFULL
TITLE:	Piperidinoalkyl derivatives of carboxylic acid amides	
INVENTOR(S):	Goto, Giichi, Osaka, Japan	
	Nagaoka, Akinobu, Hyogo, Japan	
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Takeda Chemical Industries, Inc., Osaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)	

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 5169856		19921208
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1989-306579		19890206 (7)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 1988-32339	19880215
	JP 1988-114169	19880511
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Raymond, Richard L.	
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	O'Sullivan, Peter G.	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Wegner, Cantor, Mueller & Player	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	22	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	999	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to unsaturated carboxylic acid amide derivatives of the formula ##STR1## wherein ring A stands for an

optionally substituted aromatic ring; R.sup.1 stands for a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted hydrocarbon residue or forms an optionally substituted carbocyclic ring with the adjacent group --CH.dbd.C-- together with two carbon atoms constituting the ring A; R.sup.2 stands for a hydrogen atom, an optionally substituted hydrocarbon residue or an optionally substituted acyl group; R.sup.3 stands for an optionally substituted hydrocarbon residue; and n denotes an integer ranging from 2 to 6, and salts thereof, as well as the production thereof.

The compounds of the present invention act on the central nervous system of mammals and has a strong anti-cholinesterase activity, which can be used for the prophylaxis and therapy of, for example, senile dementia, Alzheimer's diseases, Huntington's chorea, et., and are useful as medicines.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:17:55 ON 21 AUG 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:18:06 ON 21 AUG 2007

L1                   STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2                   180 S L1 FULL

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, WPIDS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:18:58 ON 21 AUG 2007

L3                   47 S L2  
L4                   12 S L3 NOT PY>2003  
L5                   1 S L3 AND "VITAMIN PP"  
L6                   18 S L3 AND "NICOTINAMIDE"

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:25:19 ON 21 AUG 2007

L7                   17 S L2

=>

---Logging off of STN---

=>

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	47.89	320.44
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-12.48

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 12:29:22 ON 21 AUG 2007